

Quarterly Financial Results for the Six Months Ended September 30, 2018 Vega corporation Co., Ltd.

Agenda

- 1. Overview of Quarterly Financial Results for the Six Months Ended September 30, 2018
- 2. Revision of Full-year Financial Results Forecasts
- 3. Report on LOWYA Business
- 4. Initiatives Starting from the Second Half of the Fiscal Year
- 5. Synergy of Company-wide Businesses
- 6. New Businesses (R&D)
- 7. Appendix

Summary of the First Half of the Fiscal Year Ending March 31, 2019

- Targets not achieved due to decrease in net sales compared to the previous year, mainly resulting from stock-out at the Rakuten marketplace store
- Delivery expenses began to surge this fiscal year
- Steady growth in both access and net sales of the flagship store



Strengthen fulfillment structure to fully support transformation from marketplace stores to the flagship store and its growth

1. Overview of Quarterly Financial Results for the Six Months Ended September 30, 2018

1. Summary of Financial Results

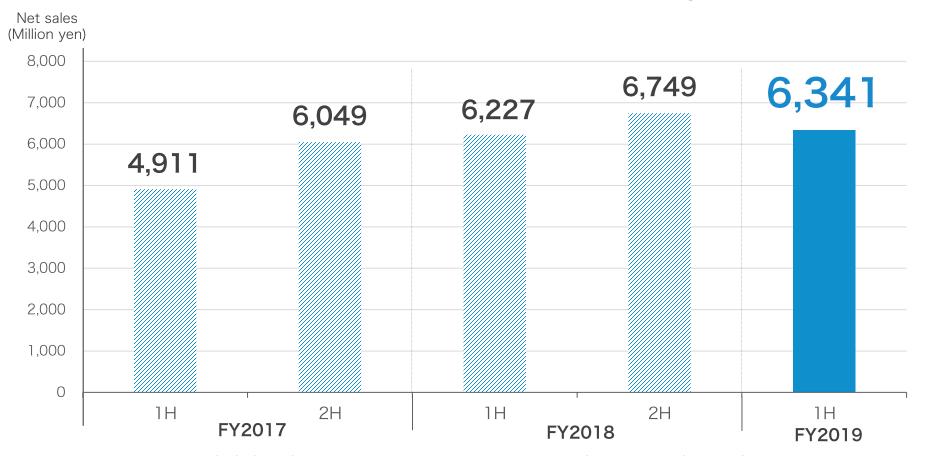
(Million yen)

	Six months ended September 30, 2017	Sales ratio	Six months ended September 30, 2018	Sales ratio	Change	YoY
Net sales	6,250	100.0%	6,341	100.0%	+90	101.5%
Gross profit	3,188	51.0%	3,432	54.1%	+244	107.7%
SG&A expenses	3,021	48.3%	3,455	54.5%	+434	114.4%
Operating profit	166	2.7%	(23)	(0.4)%	(190)	- %
Ordinary profit	173	2.8%	(16)	(0.3)%	(190)	- %
Profit	106	1.7%	(47)	(0.7)%	(153)	- %

^(*) Audit procedures pursuant to the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act are in progress as of the date of disclosure of this document.

1. Semiannual Sales

Net sales in 1H FY2019 increased by 1.8% YoY

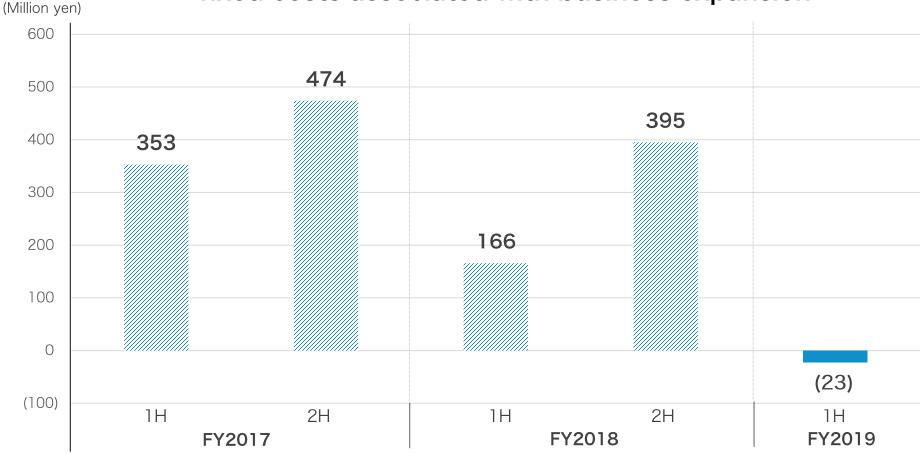


- (*) Delivery revenue of DOKODEMO is amended retrospectively to the net amount after deduction of delivery fees.
 - Net sales in the second quarter (July to September) were 2,969 million yen, down 2.0% YoY
 - Although net sales of the flagship store increased, net sales decreased compared to the previous year, mainly resulting from stock-out at the Rakuten marketplace store

1. Semiannual Operating Profit

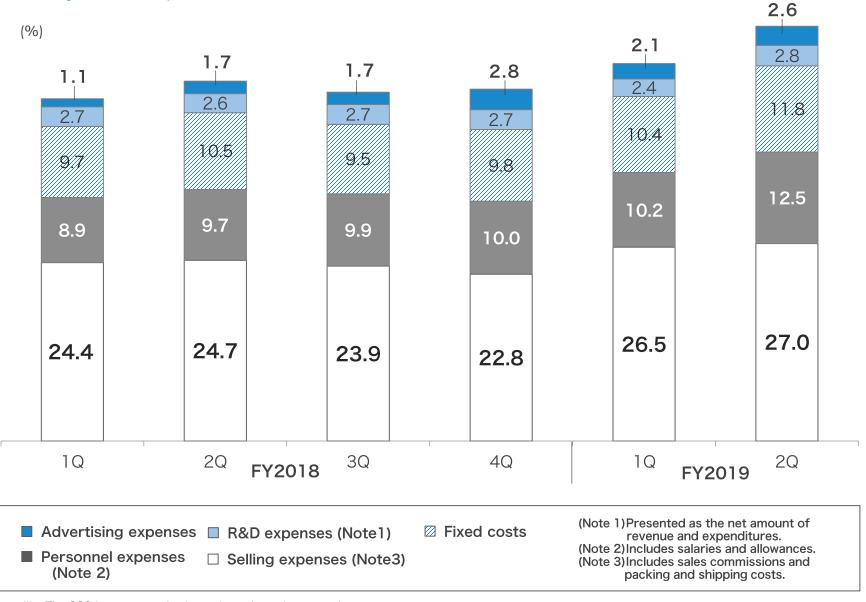
Operating profit

Operating profit was (23) million yen due to increase in fixed costs associated with business expansion



- Operating profit in the second quarter (July to September) was (94) million yen
- Mainly due to increase in fixed costs resulting from prior investments in personnel expenses and infrastructure in line with business expansion, and surge in delivery expenses

1. Quarterly SG&A Expenses <Ratio> (R&D on a net basis)



^(*) The SG&A expense ratio shows the ratio against net sales.

Furthermore, revenue related to research and development expenses is excluded from net sales used as the basis for the calculation of the SG&A expense ratio, and therefore this data does not match the SG&A expense ratio on the statement of income.

1. Balance Sheet

(Million yen)

	Previous fiscal year (as of March 31, 2018)	Six months ended September 30, 2018		Previous fiscal year (as of March 31, 2018)	Six months ended September 30, 2018
Current assets	5,309	5,066	Current liabilities	2,107	2,098
Cash and deposits	1,656	1,789	Debt obligations	820	820
Accounts receivable – trade	1,801	1,318	Non-current liabilities	27	37
Merchandise	1,750	1,821	Total liabilities	2,135	2,136
Non-current assets	604	848	Shareholders' equity	3,788	3,752
Property, plant and equipment, and intangible assets	270	309	Total net assets	3,779	3,778
Total assets	5,914	5,915	Total liabilities and net assets	5,914	5,915

^(*) Audit procedures pursuant to the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act are in progress as of the date of disclosure of this document.

2. Revision of Full-year Financial Results Forecasts

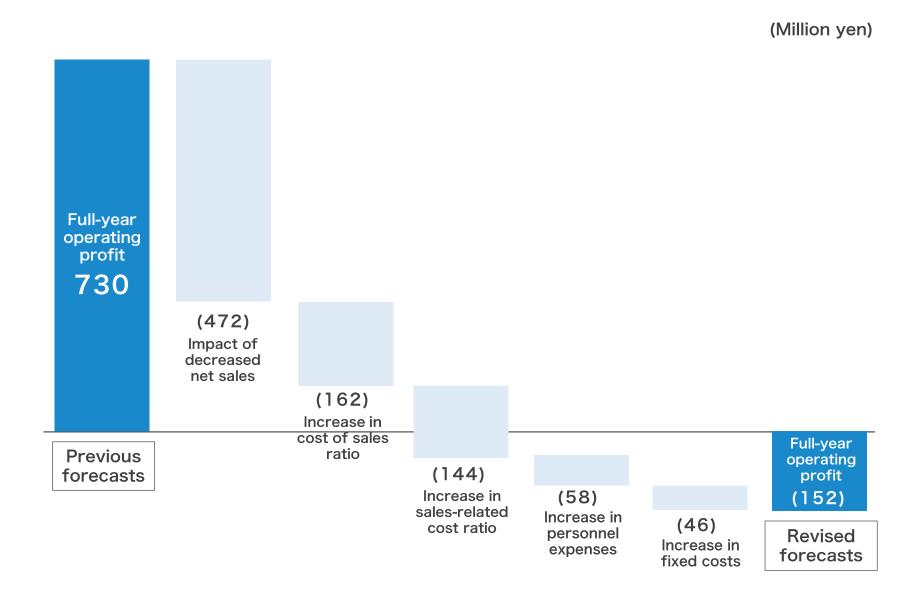
2. Revision of Financial Results Forecasts

Revision of net sales forecast to reflect effects of stock-out and shift from marketplace stores to the flagship store
Revision of cost of sales in view of recent conditions, and additional recording of sales-related costs in response to opportunity loss due to stock-out

(Million yen)

	Previous forecasts	Revised forecasts	Change	Percentage change	(Reference) Performance in the previous fiscal year
Net sales	15,800	14,000	(1,800)	(11.4)%	12,977
Operating profit	730	(152)	(882)	_	561
Ordinary profit	750	(139)	(889)	_	589
Profit	460	(123)	(583)	_	338
Basic earnings per share (yen)	44.87	(11.98)	_	_	32.84

2. Analysis of Difference



3. Report on LOWYA Business

3. Quarterly Report < Overall LOWYA Business>

Net sales of the flagship store increased, but targets were not achieved due to YoY decrease in net sales of the marketplace stores

(Million yen)

	Six months ended September 30, 2017	Sales ratio	Six months ended September 30, 2018	Sales ratio	Change	YoY
Net sales	6,204	100.0%	6,282	100.0%	+78	101.3%
Gross profit	3,141	50.6%	3,374	53.7%	+232	107.4%
SG&A expenses	2,815	45.4%	3,235	51.5%	+420	114.9%
Operating profit	326	5.3%	138	2.2%	(188)	42.4%

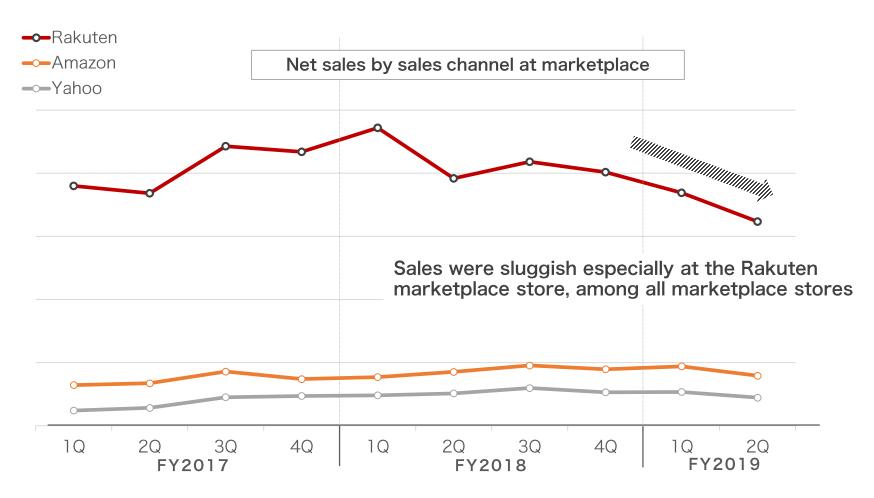
^(*) The LOWYA business is the sum of the mainstay "LOWYA" brand and all stores excluding DOKODEMO and Laig.

3. Quarterly Report_Management Indicators < Overall LOWYA Business>

lka va	Fisc	al year endec	Fiscal year ending March 31, 2019			
ltem	1Q (Apr. – Jun.)	2Q (Jul. – Sep.)	3Q (Oct. – Dec.)	4Q (Jan. – Mar.)	1Q (Apr. – Jun.)	2Q (Jul. – Sep.)
YoY number of visitors (%)	127.2	128.0	105.3	122.8	125.1	110.1
YoY average customer spend (%)	95.4	94.3	97.1	102.7	109.9	113.0
YoY CVR (%)	111.9	106.3	107.7	88.9	75.2	78.5
Number of products	1,442	1,594	1,795	1,958	2,070	2,169
Number of new products introduced	131	152	201	163	112	99
Average settlement rate (yen)	110.60	109.87	109.87	110.17	107.58	108.74

3. Quarterly Report_Net Sales by Sales Channel at Marketplace

Sluggish sales due to multiple factors including stock-out and increased delivery expenses, in particular, net sales at the Rakuten marketplace store decreased compared to the previous year



3. Quarterly Report_Delivery Expense Ratio

Packing and shipping costs ratio gradually rose then jumped 3.0pt this fiscal year, putting pressure on profits



^{*} The packing and shipping costs ratio shows the ratio against net sales.

3. Quarterly Report_Management Indicators <Flagship store>

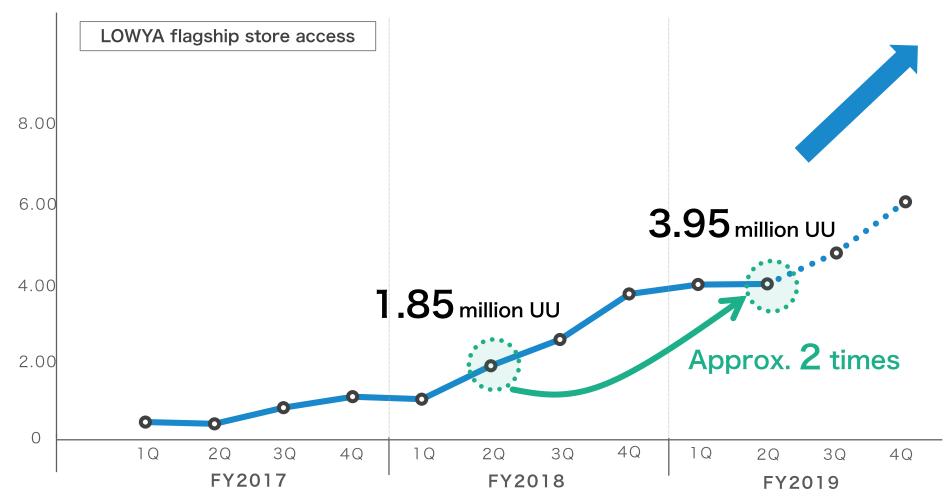
Number of visitors to the flagship store increased 113.5% YoY, growing steadily despite stock-out effects

ltem	Fisc	al year endec	Fiscal year ending March 31, 2019			
Item	1Q (Apr. – Jun.)	2Q (Jul. – Sep.)	3Q (Oct. – Dec.)	4Q (Jan. – Mar.)	1Q (Apr. – Jun.)	2Q (Jul. – Sep.)
[Flagship store] YoY number of visitors (%)	244.9	513.6	326.2	349.9	396.6	213.5
[Flagship store] YoY average customer spend (%)	105.0	100.9	120.4	97.7	100.3	110.8
[Flagship store] YoY CVR (%)	75.8	65.5	63.0	83.6	94.6	81.8

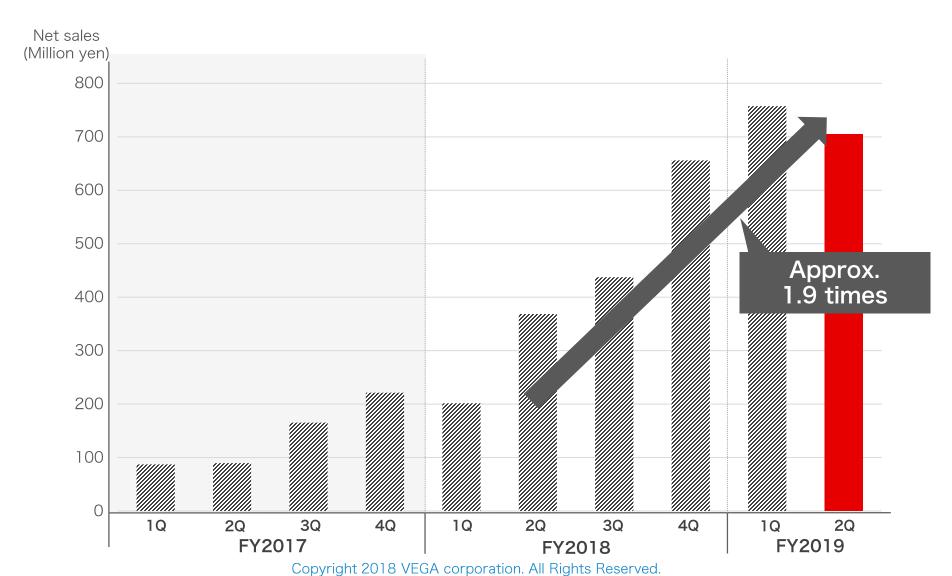
3. Quarterly Report_Access <Flagship store>

Ongoing efforts to build a fan base, aiming to increase access to the store

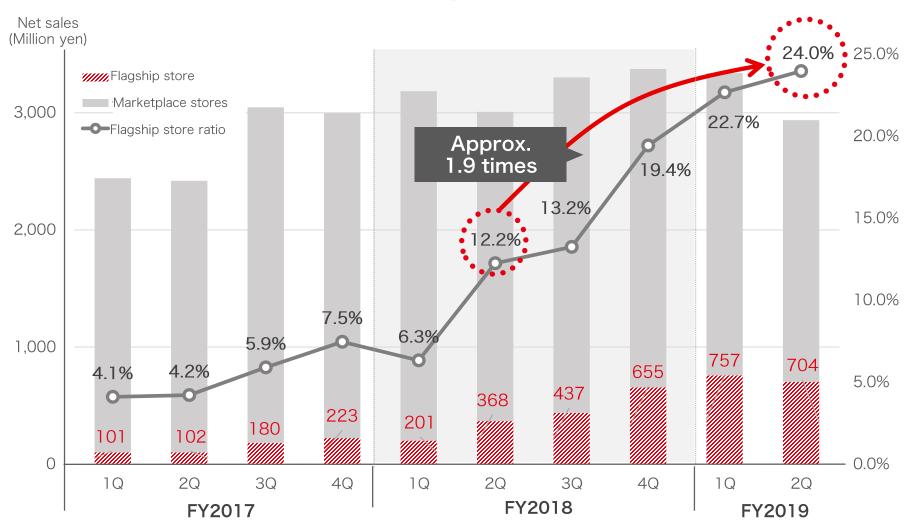
(Million unique users (UU))



Strong sales at the flagship store, up 91% YoY



Flagship store ratio increased from 12.2% in the previous 2Q to 24.0%



4. Initiatives Starting from the Second Half of the Fiscal Year

- 4-1. Strengthen Fulfillment Service Structure
- 4-2. Expand Recognition
- 4-3. Future Development

Strengthen service structure and review earnings structure to enhance cooperation and optimization across the entire process

▶ Product development review

- Active development of products with high profitability
- · MD development focused on each target

Systemization of order schedule

- Forecast demand and analyze customer trends; systemize order schedule
- Strengthen LOWYA branding

▶ Reduce storage expense ratio

- Adjust amount and turnover of inventory
- · Introduce mobile racking system
- Maintain Company-owned warehouses; establish automated warehouses

▶ Reduce delivery expenses

- Review packing size
- Optimize delivery routes
- Build logistics network

Strengthen service structure

Review earnings structure

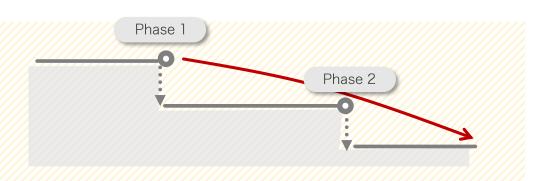
In shifting from a structure mainly composed of marketplace stores to the flagship store, it is necessary to be aware of the balance between the growth rate of the flagship store and internal infrastructure development while working for higher operational efficiency and improvement of fulfillment services.

Strengthen service structure



Storage expense ratio

Focus on efficient management of logistics, reduction of delivery lead times and other efforts to reduce storage expenses over the long term in order to accommodate the growth of the flagship store.



► Reduction of warehouse storage expense ratio

Phase 1 Mobile racking system

A mobile racking system is scheduled to be introduced in order to expand inventory storage space of the warehouse area. Construction will start in the next fiscal year for higher loading efficiency.

Adjustment of amount and turnover of inventory

Reduce long-term inventory by more accurate inventory control and marketing plans for each target

Phase 2 Company-owned warehouses and warehouse automation

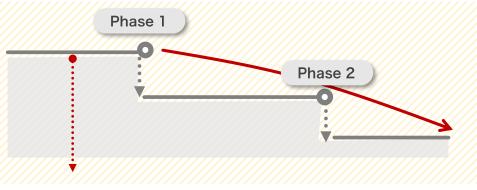
Considering to purchase company-owned large warehouses and introduce automated warehouses in order to reduce storage expenses over the long term. Reduction of picking time and fixed costs is expected through these measures.



Delivery expenses

Tackle the industry-wide issue over the long-term by reducing the delivery expense ratio through optimizing inventory placement (establishing the shortest and cheapest delivery routes), developing systems for optimization and improving loading efficiency (*).

* Improving loading efficiency through the increase in Laig load volume



(aig service launched

Reduction of delivery expenses

Phase 1

Review of packing size

Review total dimensions of packages by changing packing methods.

Review packing sizes for existing products and reduce product sizes at the development phase for new products.

Optimizing delivery routes and inventory placement

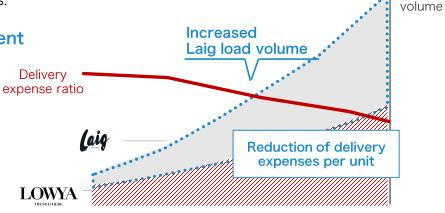
To reduce delivery expenses, shorten delivery routes from warehouses to users by conducting proper inventory management according to the delivery volume of each region.

Building a logistics network

Focus on reducing delivery expenses over the long term by increasing the number of partner carriers.

Phase 2

Improving loading efficiency through the increase in Laig load volume



4-2. Expand Recognition



Supermodel Taylor Hill was appointed as the LOWYA brand ambassador (*) Going forward, conduct test marketing by area to attract customers

(*) For one year from October 2018

▼ Appointment of brand ambassador announced in October 2018



(*) More than 400 guests attended the press conference afterparty

▼ Brand logo refined in October 2018



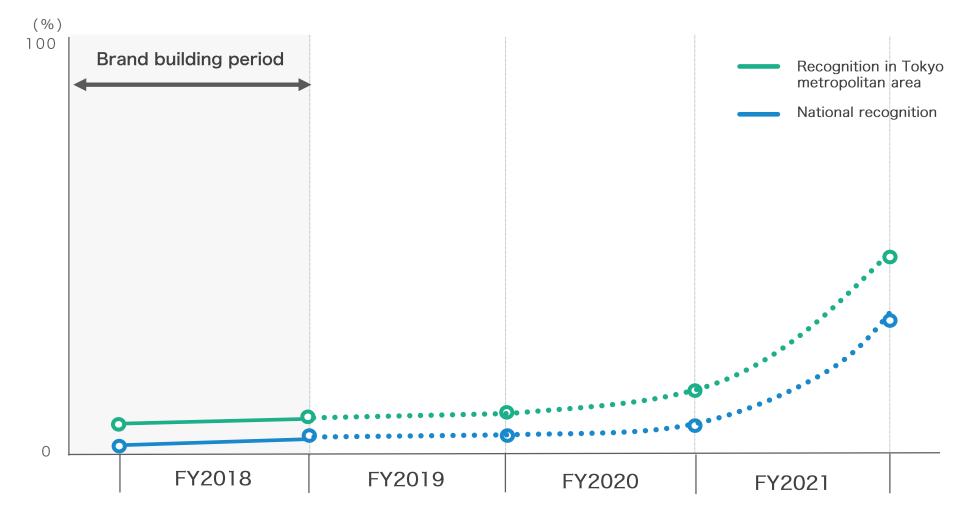
Designed to match a variety of tastes and cultures LOWYA provide, while representing a "fast interior" brand that proposes interior designs reflecting the latest trends, just like fashion.

Also, the tagline "TREND IS HERE." represents LOWYA's commitment to edit and disseminate the various trends and cultures collected.

The new brand logo, supervised by supermodel and fashion icon Taylor Hill, delivers a simple and sophisticated impression to appeal to customers of all times, regardless of trends.

4-2. Expand Recognition

Prove correlation between recognition and sales through test marketing Aim to enhance recognition in the Tokyo metropolitan area in three years



^{*} According to an online survey of furniture, interior product, and sundries brands.

4-3. Future Development

LOWYA 4-3. Future Development_LOWYA Business High Recognition in Low Tokyo metropolitan area 100.0 **Brand recognition Brand building** Billion yen (Billion yen) Solidify a Fan base **Period of marketing** Creative integration transformation Social Media Branding Flagship store 20.0 10.0 Marketplace stores Storage expense ratio Delivery expense ratio Systemization FY2019 FY2020 FY2021 **FYXX**

2020/3

2021/3

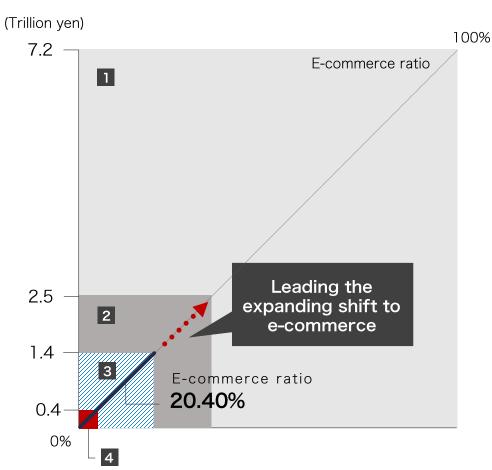
2018/3

2019/3

31



Aiming 100 billion yen sales in LOWYA business by leading the 2.5 trillion yen industry



- Sundries, furniture, and interior product market scale
 - **7.2** trillion yen (*70% is sundries for housework and housework supplies)
- 2 Furniture and interior product market scale
 - **2.5** trillion yen (*Expected market scale excluding sundries for housework, etc. in (1))
- Sundries, furniture, and interior products
 BtoC-EC market scale
 - **1.4** trillion yen (*70% is sundries for housework and housework supplies)
- Furniture and interior products BtoC-EC market scale
 - **0.4** trillion yen (*Expected market scale excluding sundries for housework, etc. in (1))

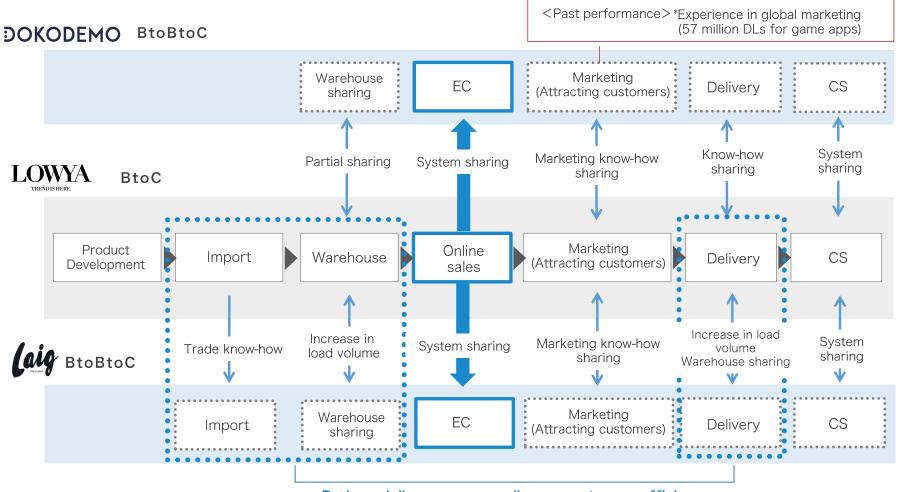
^{*} FY2017 E-Commerce Market Survey published by Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry

^{*} BtoC-EC ratio of 20.40% converted based on the market scale

5. Synergy of Company-wide Businesses

3. Synergy of Company-wide Businesses

Develop each system in LOWYA fulfillment service to new business and aim for its maximization



Reduce delivery expenses/Improve storage efficiency

6-1. DOKODEMO Business



Membership

308,787 (up 190% YoY)

*As of September 30, 2018 (the same applies hereinafter)



Number of APP DLs700,734 (up 113% YoY)



Purchase price per person8,451 yen (down 12% YoY)



million

products

The number of products increased by approx. 1.8 times

Number of products

120,159 (up 79% YoY)

*As of September 30, 2018 (the same applies hereinafter)

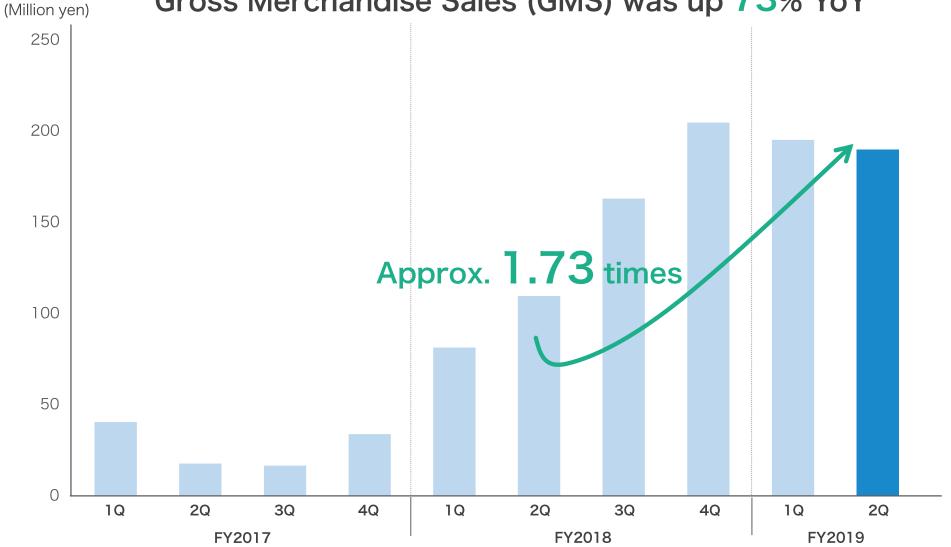


Number of brands

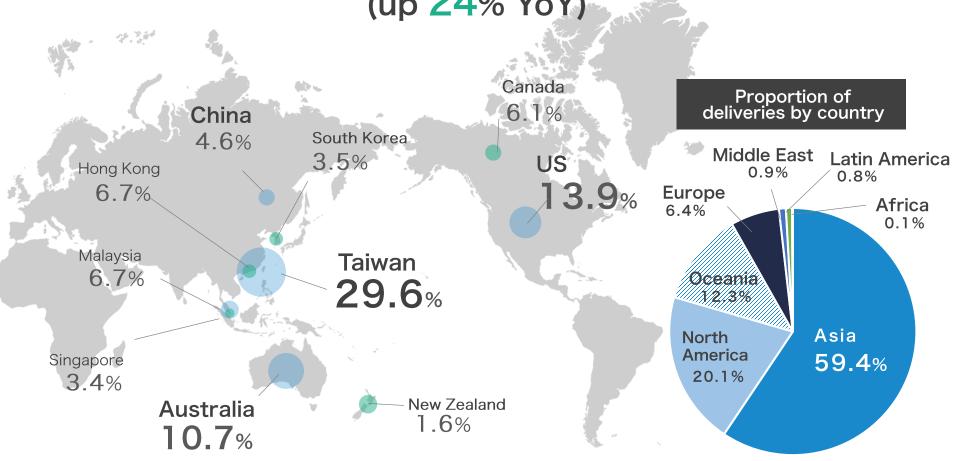
832 (up 30% YoY)



Reduced advertising expenses to evaluate investment effect Gross Merchandise Sales (GMS) was up 73% YoY



Deliveries increased to 87 countries and regions (up 24% YoY)



^{*} Proportion of deliveries by country is calculated based on the ratio of gross merchandise sales (GMS) from July 2018 to September 2018.



Enhancing strategies to make people aware of DOKODEMO when visiting Japan, and promoting contact and repeat purchase after their return



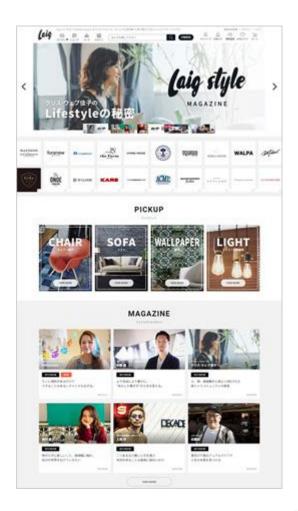
Create interest in Japan, and encourage revisits

6-2. Life Business



Officially opened on October 31, 2018

Brands that share a similar ethos with Laig participated. By expanding the range of options and value in furniture, interior, and sundries products, the brand will energize the industry and create a world where all people can enjoy their lifestyles.



Number of brands

Number of products

32

Approx. 2,500































































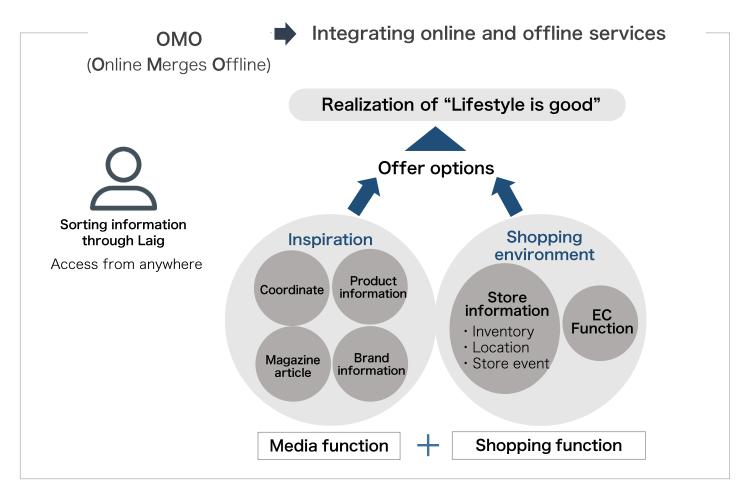


^{*}As of October 30, 2018



EC media that realizes OMO^(*) that enables seamless access between online (Laig) and offline (brick and mortar stores)

(*) OMO (Online Merges Offline): Environment or method that integrates online and offline in order to create better customer experiences and customer contacts.





Create better customer experiences and customer contacts, and offer multiple options in order to realize "Lifestyle is good" for users

Options for inspiration

<Laigstyle coordination>

Provide lifestyle space inspiration through posted content.



<Laigstyle Magazine>

Interviews with well-known people who have realized "Lifestyle is good."



Options for shopping

Offer shopping options based on the following 4 points

- 1) Find
- 2) View in store
- 3) Research
- 4) Buy

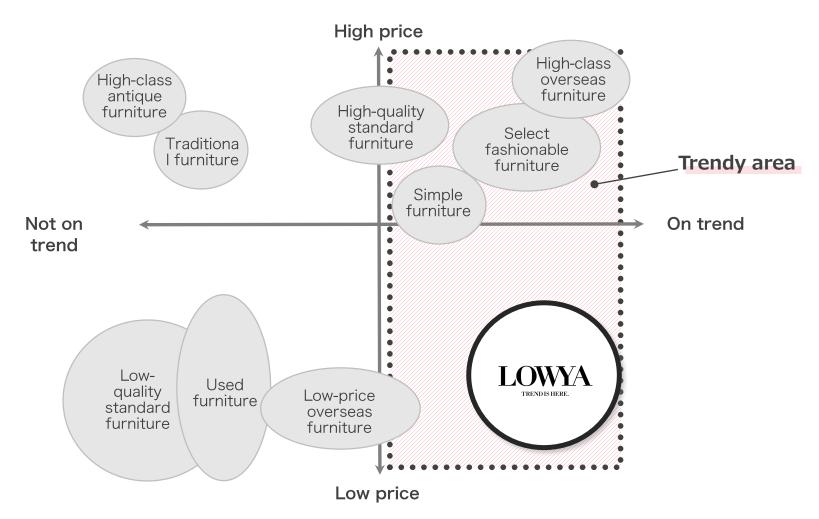




Appendix



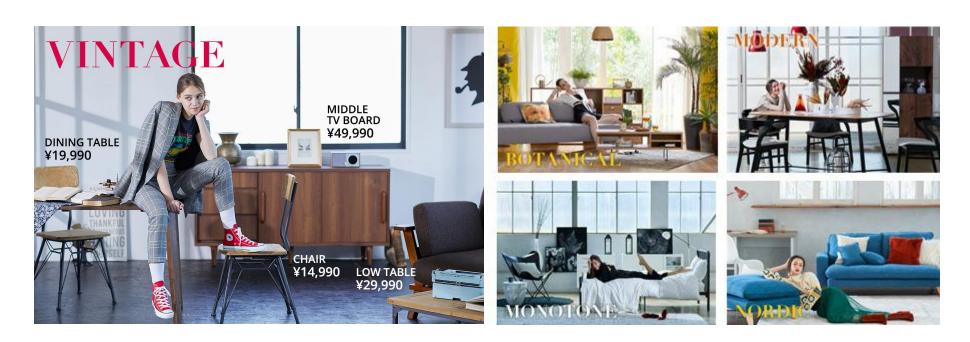
Establishing the fast interior category in the "trendy & low price" space of the furniture and interior products market





As a provider of "fast interior,"

Propose attractive lifestyles and products with attractive prices and quality

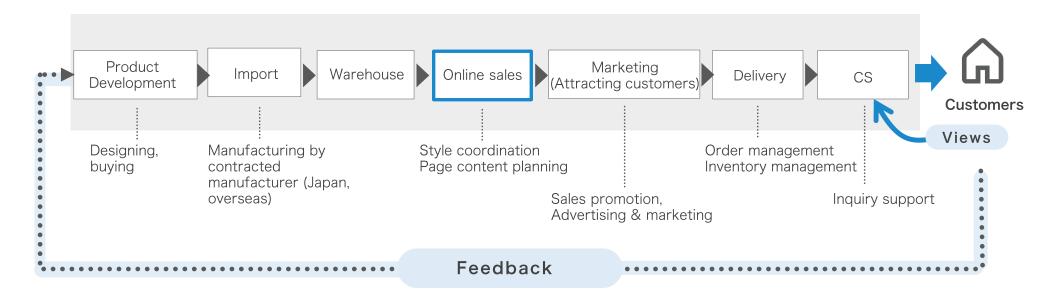


Fulfill satisfaction and inspiration by creating design that reflects a variety of tastes and trends.



D2C business model conducting the entire procedure inhouse

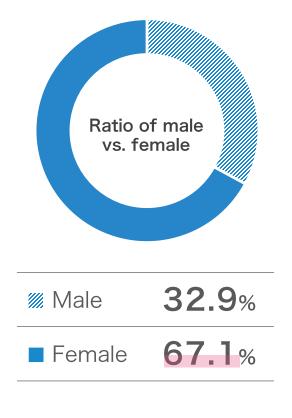
(Direct to Consumer)

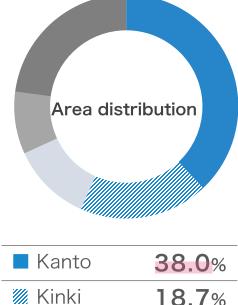




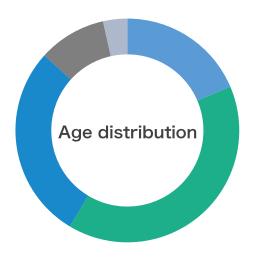
Showing higher ratio of female in their 30's, mainly in the Tokyo metropolitan area

(July 1, 2018 to September 30, 2018)









18.7%	29 and younger
39.5%	3 0 to 39
27.9%	4 0 to 49
10.2%	5 0 to 59
3.7%	60 to 69





Approx. **28.70** million people visiting Japan^(*)

Increasing foreign tourists visiting Japan

* Japan National Tourism Organization Number of foreign tourists visiting Japan from January to December 2017



40.00 million people expected in 2020(*)

Tokyo Olympics

* Expected number of tourists visiting Japan in 2020, based on target established by the Japan Tourism Agency of the Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism



Expansion of international e-commerce market

Global international e-commerce is expanding yearly, amid the rapid spread of PCs and smartphones

Leading users that have actually tried and experienced Japanese products and have a strong desire to purchase to DOKODEMO



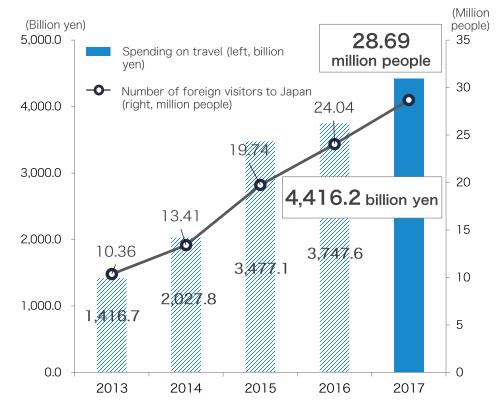
The size of the international e-commerce market is growing yearly, and foreign tourists visiting Japan and their spending are also increasing

(Unite: Rillian van)

■ International EC market scale (2017)

■ Survey of spending by foreign visitors to Japan

				(Units: Billion yen)
Country (Country of consumption)	Purchase amount from Japan	Purchase amount from the U.S.	Purchase amount from China	Total
Japan (YoY)		232.7	24.3	257.0
		7.2%	7.3%	7.3%
US (YoY)	712.8		494.2	1,207.0
	15.8%		16.0%	15.9%
China	1,297.8	1,457.8		2,755.6
(YoY)	25.2%	28.2%		26.8%
Total (YoY)	2,010.6	1,690.5	518.6	4,219.6
	21.7%	24.8%	15.6%	22.1%



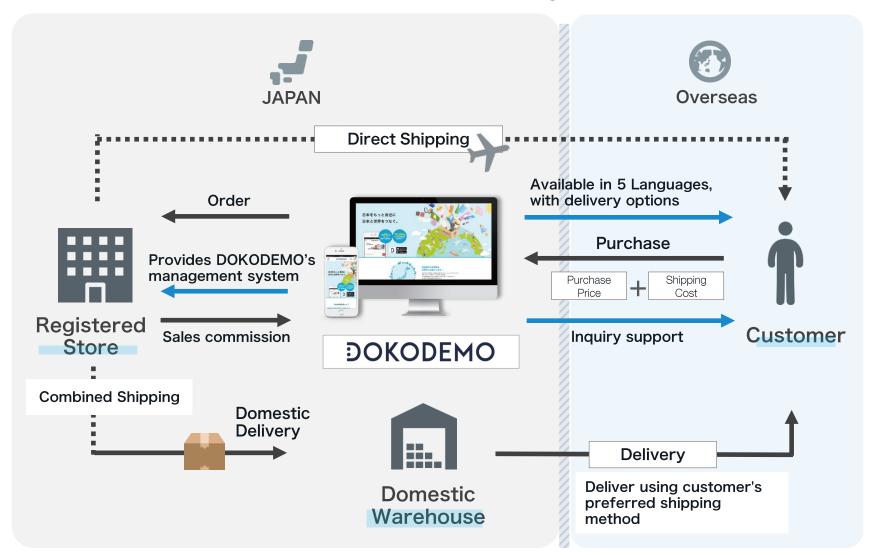
Source: Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry "FY2017 Survey of Infrastructure Development Status for Data-driven Society in Japan (E-Commerce Market Survey)"

Source: Japan Tourism Agency "Consumption Trend Survey for Foreigners Visiting Japan" 2017 annual data (confirmed data)

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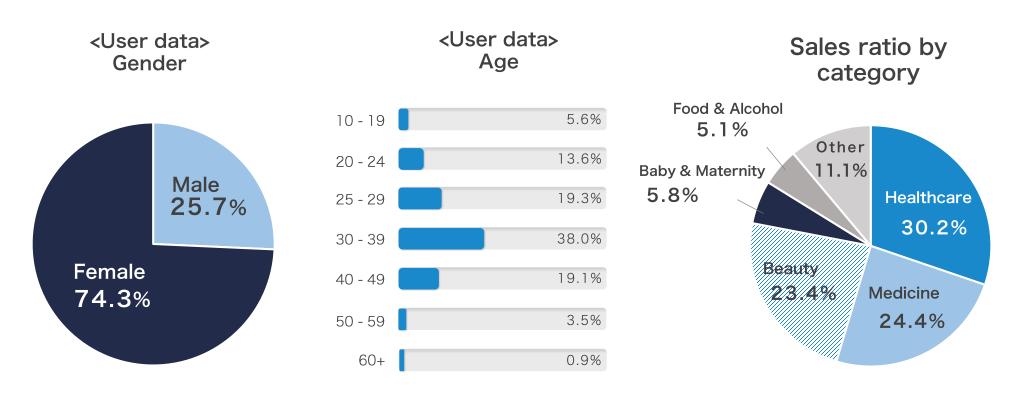
Delivering products directly from registered stores to customer (Non-stock inventory)





Female users in their 30's are increasing. DOKODEMO will strengthen the "hobby" and "fashion" categories going forward

Calculation period: July 1, 2018 to September 30, 2018



^{*} Calculated based on user data of registered members.

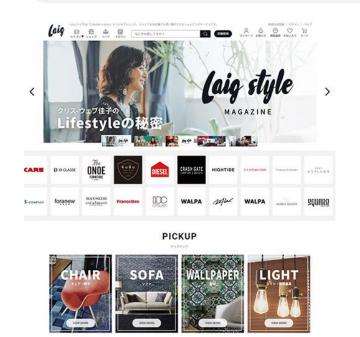
Members are not required to enter their gender when registering, and therefore the above data does not represent the ratio for all members.



SERVICE VISION

A world that offers various ways in which "Lifestyle is Good"

(Lifestyle space)



The concept of Laig is

"Lifestyle is good"

Create more "Lifestyle is good" by offering inspiration on lifestyle spaces to each user through the various products and content Laig introduces.





Views and forecasts in this document were prepared based on the judgment of the Company at the time of preparation.

These statements are based on current expectations, forecasts, and assumptions that are subject to risks, and contain uncertainties that could cause actual outcomes to differ materially from these statements.

These risks and uncertainties include general economic conditions in Japan and overseas, namely general industry and market conditions. The Company shall not bear any future obligation to update or revise the information contained in this document, even in the event of new information, future events, etc.